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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF NEW JERSEY

VANDA PHARMACEUTICALS INC.,

Plaintiff,

v.

APOTEX INC. AND APOTEX CORP.,

Defendants.

Civil Action No. 22-

Document Electronically Filed

**JURY TRIAL DEMANDED** 

## **VERIFIED COMPLAINT**

This is a patent infringement action brought by plaintiff Vanda Pharmaceuticals Inc. (Vanda) for infringement of U.S. Patent No. 11,285,129 (the '129 patent) against Defendants Apotex Inc. and Apotex Corp. (together, Apotex, unless otherwise specified) related to Apotex's filing of Abbreviated New Drug Application No. 211607 (Apotex's ANDA or ANDA No. 211607) for approval of a generic version of Vanda's HETLIOZ® (tasimelteon) 20mg oral capsules, and the anticipated future marketing and sales of products under ANDA No. 211607. Vanda alleges as follows:

#### THE PARTIES

1. Plaintiff Vanda is a pharmaceutical company with its principal place of business at 2200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Suite 300E, Washington, DC, 20037.

- 2. As defendant Apotex Inc. has stated in court filings, Apotex Inc. is a Canadian corporation with its principal place of business at 150 Signet Drive, Toronto, Ontario M9L 1T9, Canada. *E.g.*, Compl., *Apotex Inc. and Apotex Corp. v. Eli Lilly & Co.*, Case No. 22-cv-2342 (S.D.Ind.) (filed Dec. 6, 2022); Answer of Defs. Apotex Inc. & Apotex Corp., Affirmative Defs. And Counterclaims for Declaratory Judgment, *In re Jublia*, No. 18-13635 (D.N.J.) (consolidated), ECF No. 50.
- 3. As defendant Apotex Corp. has recently represented in at least one court filing. Apotex Corp. is a corporation with a place of business at 2400 North Commerce Parkway, Suite 400, Weston, Florida 33326. *E.g.*, Compl., *Apotex Inc. and Apotex Corp. v. Eli Lilly & Co.*, Case No. 22-cv-2342 (S.D.Ind.) (filed Dec. 6, 2022); Answer of Defs. Apotex Inc. & Apotex Corp., Affirmative Defs. And Counterclaims for Declaratory Judgment, *In re Jublia*, No. 18-13635 (D.N.J.) (consolidated), ECF No. 50.
- 4. On information and belief, Apotex Corp. is a wholly owned subsidiary of Apotex Inc.
- 5. On information and belief Apotex Corp. is the designated U.S. agent for Apotex Inc. in accordance with 21 C.F.R. § 314.50(a) in connection with Apotex's ANDA.
- 6. On information and belief, Apotex Corp. is a generic pharmaceutical company that distributes and sells generic pharmaceutical products in the State of New Jersey and throughout the United States that are manufactured by Apotex Inc.

## **JURISDICTION AND VENUE**

7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1338(a), and 2201–02, at least because this action arises under the patent laws of the United States, 35 U.S.C. § 100 et seq. E.g., Vanda Pharm. Inc. et al. v. West-Ward Pharm. Int'l Ltd. et al., 887 F.3d 1117

(Fed. Cir. 2018) (subject matter jurisdiction for a claim under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2)(A) is established under § 1338 by the filing of an ANDA).

- 8. Given its extensive presence in this District, this Court has personal jurisdiction over Apotex.
- 9. Apotex, among other things, develops, manufactures, markets, imports, and/or sells pharmaceutical products, including generic drug products. Apotex directly, or indirectly, develops, manufactures, markets, and sells generic drug products throughout the United States and in this judicial district, and this judicial district is a likely destination for sales of Apotex's generic products. Apotex purposefully has conducted and continues to conduct business in this judicial district. Moreover, based on publicly available court records, Apotex has previously submitted to the jurisdiction of this Court and has further previously availed itself of this Court by asserting counterclaims in other civil actions initiated in this jurisdiction. *E.g.*, Answer, Separate Defs. and Counterclaims to Compl. for Patent Infringement, *Supernus Pharms.*, *Inc. v. Apotex Inc. & Apotex Corp.*, No. 20-07870 (D.N.J.), ECF No. 37; Answer of Defs. Apotex Inc. & Apotex Corp., Affirmative Defs. and Counterclaims for Declaratory Judgment, *In re Jublia*, No. 18-13635 (D.N.J.) (consolidated), ECF No. 50.
- 10. Apotex has taken the costly, significant step of applying to the FDA for approval to engage in future activities—including the marketing of its generic drugs—that will be purposefully directed at, upon information and belief, New Jersey and elsewhere. Apotex's submission of its ANDA constitutes a formal act that reliably indicate plans to engage in marketing of the proposed generic drugs. On information and belief, Apotex intends to direct sales of its drugs into New Jersey, among other places.

- 11. On information and belief, Apotex will engage in marketing of its proposed ANDA product in New Jersey and will, through its actions, induce or contribute to the use of its products within this District.
- 12. This Court has personal jurisdiction over Apotex Inc. pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4(k)(2) because Apotex Inc. has extensive contacts with the United States, including but not limited to the above-described commercial contract, is not subject to jurisdiction in any particular state, and exercising jurisdiction over Apotex Inc. is consistent with the laws of the United States and the United States Constitution
  - 13. Venue is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §§ 1391(c) and (d), and § 1400(b).
- 14. Venue is proper as to Apotex because, among other things, it has previously consented to venue in this jurisdiction. *E.g.*, Answer, Separate Defs. and Counterclaims to Compl. for Patent Infringement, *Supernus Pharms., Inc. v. Apotex Inc. & Apotex Corp.*, No. 20-07870 (D.N.J.), ECF No. 37; Answer of Defs. Apotex Inc. & Apotex Corp., Affirmative Defs. and Counterclaims for Declaratory Judgment, *In re Jublia*, No. 18-13635 (D.N.J.) (consolidated), ECF No. 50.
- 15. Venue is further proper as to Apotex Inc., a foreign corporation, in any judicial district that has personal jurisdiction, including this judicial district.
- 16. On information and belief, Apotex is preparing to market and sell its ANDA product within this District and will, through its actions, induce or contribute to the use of its products within this District.

#### THE PATENT-IN-SUIT

### The '129 Patent

- 17. On March 29, 2022, the '129 patent, titled "Treatment of Circadian Rhythm Disorders," was duly and legally issued by the United States Patent & Trademark Office (USPTO). A copy of the '129 patent is attached as <a href="Exhibit A">Exhibit A</a>.
- 18. The '129 patent generally relates to a method of administering tasimelteon to a patient and the interaction between tasimelteon and beta-adrenergic receptor antagonists (beta blockers). As a broad matter, the Federal Circuit has specifically confirmed the validity of such drug-drug-interaction patents. *See Apotex Pharms. USA, Inc. v. Corcept Therapeutics, Inc.*, 18 F.4th 1377, 1382–83 (Fed. Cir. 2021).
- 19. The negative interaction of beta blockers and tasimelteon would not have been expected in light of literature, including literature both before and after the priority date of the '129 patent, suggesting that beta blockers could be useful in the treatment of circadian rhythm disorders. *E.g.*, H. De Leersnyder *et al.*, β<sub>1</sub>-adrenergic antagonists improve sleep and behavioural disturbances in a circadian disorder, Smith-Magenis syndrome, 38 J. MED. GENET. 586 (2001); P.Gehrman *et al.*, Treatment of a patient with a circadian sleep-wake disorder using a combination of melatonin and metoprolol, 17 J.CLIN. SL. MED. 10 (Oct. 21, 2021) (discussing the use of a combination of a beta blocker and the administration of exogenous melatonin in treating a patient with a circadian rhythm disorder). The prior art thus taught away from the claimed invention. *See Cephalon, Inc. v. Slayback Pharma Ltd. Liab. Co.*, 456 F. Supp. 3d 594, 602 (D. Del. 2002) ("And the court must also be mindful that 'when the prior art teaches away from comb[ining] certain known elements, discovery of a successful means of combining them is more likely to be nonobvious." (quoting *KSR Int'l Co. v. Teleflex Inc.*, 550 U.S. 398, 416 (2007)).

- 20. The '129 patent names Marlene Michelle Dressman, John Joseph Feeney, Louis William Licamele, and Mihael H. Polymeropoulos as inventors.
- 21. The FDA's *Approved Drug Products with Therapeutic Equivalence Evaluations* (called the Orange Book) lists the expiration date of the '129 patent as January 25, 2033.
- 22. Vanda is the assignee of the '129 patent and owns all rights, title, and interest in the '129 patent.

### **ACTS GIVING RISE TO THIS ACTION**

23. This is an action arising under the patent laws of the United States (35 U.S.C. § 100 et seq.) based on Apotex's current and likely future infringement of one or more claims of the '129 Patent.

### A. Vanda and HETLIOZ®

- 24. Vanda is a small pharmaceutical company whose business model largely consists of acquiring compounds that other companies failed to develop into a useful treatment, identifying potential medical uses for them, devoting substantial resources to developing them, seeking FDA approval, and commercializing them.
- 25. Vanda acquired tasimelteon, now marketed as HETLIOZ®, from a large pharmaceutical company that tried, but failed, to develop it into a useful FDA-approvable therapy.
- 26. Under Vanda's stewardship, and after devoting years and many millions of dollars to research, development, and regulatory processes, HETLIOZ® became the first and only FDA-approved therapy to treat two rare and orphan disorders: Non-24-Hour-Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24) and later nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome in patients 16 years or older.
- 27. Specifically, Vanda holds approved New Drug Application (NDA) No. 205677 for HETLIOZ® (tasimelteon) capsules, 20 mg, approved by the United States Food & Drug

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Administration (FDA) on January 31, 2014, for the treatment of Non-24. On December 1, 2020, the FDA approved supplemental New Drug Application (sNDA) 205677/S-007 allowing the marketing of HETLIOZ® to treat nighttime sleep disturbances in Smith-Magenis Syndrome (SMS) in patients 16 years of age and older.

- 28. Vanda's currently approved HETLIOZ® Label instructs on the treatment of a circadian rhythm disorder, *i.e.*, Non-24, when administering HETLIOZ® to a patient.
- 29. The FDA-approved HETLIOZ® Label instructs physicians that "HETLIOZ is indicated for the treatment of Non-24-Hour Sleep-Wake Disorder (Non-24)."
- 30. The HETLIOZ® Label further instructs physicians that "[t]he recommended dosage of HETLIOZ is 20 mg per day taken before bedtime, at the same time every night."
- 31. Section 7.3 of the currently approved HETLIOZ® prescribing information states, "Beta-adrenergic receptor antagonists have been shown to reduce the production of melatonin via specific inhibition of beta-1 adrenergic receptors. Nighttime administration of beta-adrenergic receptor antagonists may reduce the efficacy of HETLIOZ."
- 32. On or around April 15, 2022, Vanda submitted patent information to list the '129 patent in the Orange Book for HETLIOZ®.

## B. Apotex's ANDA

- 33. Based on publicly available documentation from the FDA's website, Apotex filed ANDA No. 211607 on January 31, 2018 to obtain approval to manufacture and sell a generic version of HETLIOZ® (Apotex's ANDA Product).
- 34. Based on Apotex's public statements and other publicly available information, Apotex's ANDA seeks permission to market Apotex's ANDA Product for at least Non-24.

- 35. Apotex made and included in its ANDA a certification under 21 U.S.C. § 355(j)(2)(A)(vii)(IV) (Paragraph IV Certification) that, in its opinion and to the best of its knowledge, its ANDA does not seek approval to market a product, or the use of which, that would infringe the '129 patent, and/or that claims of the '129 patent are invalid and/or unenforceable.
- 36. On or around June 15, 2022, Vanda received written notice of Apotex's Paragraph IV Certification relating to the '129 patent (Notice Letter), along with an enclosed statement of Apotex's alleged factual and legal bases for stating that the claims of the '129 patent are invalid, unenforceable, and/or will not be infringed by Apotex's ANDA Product (Detailed Statement).

## C. Apotex's infringement of the '129 patent

- 37. On information and belief, based on at least Apotex's filing of an ANDA and the requirements of applicable law, the proposed and/or final prescribing information for Apotex's ANDA Product will include language substantially like that in the currently approved HETLIOZ® prescribing information relating to the treatment of Non-24.
- 38. On information and belief, if Apotex commences marketing and sale of its ANDA Product, it will market and sell its product at least to patients suffering from Non-24.
- 39. On information and belief, based on at least Apotex's filing of an ANDA and the requirements of applicable law, the proposed and/or final prescribing information for Apotex's ANDA Product will include language identical to that in Section 7.3 of the currently approved HETLIOZ® prescribing information.
- 40. Accordingly, on information and belief, a reader of Apotex's Section 7.3 of the prescribing information for Apotex's ANDA Product would understand the prescribing information to instruct the reader to avoid the use of beta blockers, as set out in the portion of

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Apotex's ANDA Product prescribing information that is equivalent to Section 7.3 of the HELTIOZ® prescribing information.

- 41. Beta blockers are a broad and widely prescribed class of medications used for various clinical benefits, including the treatment of cardiovascular diseases and other conditions. *E.g.*, M. Reiter, *Cardiovascular drug class specificity: beta-blockers*, 47 PROG. CARDIOVASC. DIS. 1, 11 (Jul-Aug. 2004). Moreover, some of the conditions that beta blockers may also be treated by alternative therapeutics. Therefore, on information and belief, based on at least the prescribing information associated with Apotex's ANDA Product, in administering tasimelteon to a patient, at least some patients would be undergoing treatment with beta blockers when they are prescribed tasimelteon, and at least some doctors would counsel some patients taking certain beta blockers to cease their use of those beta blockers when taking Apotex's ANDA Product, at least in order to avoid the reduced efficacy of tasimelteon described in Section 7.3. Additionally, on information and belief, at least some doctors would prescribe a different class of medicines (other than beta blockers) to facilitate treatment of the underlying disease and co-administration with Apotex's ANDA Product.
- 42. On information and belief, in marketing and selling Apotex's ANDA Product, Apotex will include the proposed and/or final prescribing information substantially like Section 7.3 of the currently approved HETLIOZ® prescribing information as described above.

## D. Apotex's imminent launch

43. Based on at least publicly available documentation from the FDA's website, the FDA tentatively approved Apotex's ANDA on February 2, 2020. The same documentation stated that, based on at least Apotex's patent certifications, "final approval of [Apotex's] ANDA may not

be granted pursuant to section 505(j)(5)(B)(ii) of the FD&C Act until [U.S. Patent No. 5,856,529] patent has expired, currently December 9, 2022."

- 44. Based on publicly available information, including Apotex's public statements and information available on FDA's website, Apotex currently has final approval to market Apotex's ANDA Product.
- 45. Vanda previously brought an action against Apotex on different patents relating to its HETLIOZ® product. *Vanda Pharm. Inc. v. Apotex Pharm. USA Inc.*, Case No. 1:18-cv-00651-CFC (D. Del.). In that case, a four-day bench trial was conducted on March 28 to March 31, 2022. The court entered an opinion on December 13, 2022, with final judgment on December 14, 2022. *Id.* at ECF Nos. 336–388. This case is currently on appeal to the Federal Circuit. *Vanda Pharm. Inc. v. Apotex Pharm. USA Inc.*, No. 23-1247 (Fed. Cir.). The '129 patent could not have been included in the previous action because it issued on March 29, 2022, *i.e.*, in the middle of the four-day bench trial.

## E. Imminent irreparable harm to Vanda

- 46. Were Apotex to launch its ANDA Product, Vanda would suffer immediate, severe, irreparable harm.
- 47. HETLIOZ® is one of Vanda's two approved products and accounted for nearly 65% of Vanda's revenue in 2021.
- 48. Vanda depends on this revenue for the substantial research & development efforts it is currently conducting, including
  - HETLIOZ® (tasimelteon) as a treatment for insomnia, jet-lag disorder, delayed sleepphase disorder, and sleep disturbances in patients with autism spectrum disorder.

- FANAPT® (iloperidone) as a treatment for bipolar disorder and for Parkinson's disease psychosis, as well as developing a long-acting injectable formulation of iloperidone.
- A third drug, tradipitant, as a treatment for gastroparesis, motion sickness, atopic dermatitis, and COVID-19 pneumonia.
- Four early-stage compounds: one for treatment of several cancers; one as a treatment for dry eye and ocular inflammation; one as a treatment secretory diarrhea disorder; and one as a treatment for psychiatric disorders.
- 49. In 2021, Hetlioz® net sales reached \$173.5 million globally; the vast majority of those sales (over \$165 million) are in the United States. Between its initial launch in 2014 and the third quarter of this year (that is, Q3 2022), cumulative net U.S. sales of Hetlioz® totaled approximately \$900 million.
- 50. In the first 9 months of 2022, Vanda reinvested approximately 90% of its total revenue into research and development and company operations, as reflected in public filings.

## **CLAIMS FOR RELIEF**

## **COUNT I**(Infringement of the '129 Patent)

- 51. Vanda realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs.
- 52. Upon information and belief, Apotex has infringed at least one claim of the '129 patent, pursuant to 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2), by submitting Apotex's ANDA, by which Apotex seeks approval from the FDA to engage in the commercial manufacture, use, offer to sell, sale within the United States, or importation into the United States of the Apotex ANDA Product prior to the expiration of the '129 patent.

- 53. Upon information and belief, Apotex will, through the manufacture, use, import, offer for sale, and/or sale of the Apotex ANDA Product, directly infringe, contributorily infringe, and/or induce infringement of at least one claim of the '129 patent.
  - 54. Upon information and belief, Apotex has actual knowledge of the '129 patent.
- 55. If Apotex's marketing and sale of Apotex's ANDA Product prior to the expiration of the '129 patent is not enjoined, Vanda will suffer substantial and irreparable harm for which there is no adequate remedy at law.

# **COUNT II**(Declaratory Judgment of Infringement of the '129 Patent)

- 56. Vanda realleges and incorporates by reference the allegations contained in the preceding paragraphs.
- 57. These claims arise under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201 and 2202.
- 58. There is an actual case or controversy such that the Court may entertain Vanda's request for declaratory relief consistent with Article III of the United States Constitution, and this actual case or controversy requires a declaration of rights by this Court.
- 59. Apotex has made, and will continue to make, substantial preparation in the United States to manufacture, use, offer to sell, sell, and/or import Apotex's ANDA Product before the expiration date of the '129 patent, including Apotex's filing of its ANDA No. 211607.
- 60. Upon information and belief, any commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of the Apotex ANDA Product will directly infringe, contributorily infringe, and/or induce infringement of at least one claim of the '129 patent.

61. Vanda is entitled to a declaratory judgment that future commercial manufacture, use, offer for sale, sale, and/or importation of Apotex's ANDA Product will constitute infringement of at least one claim of the '129 patent.

### PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Vanda respectfully requests that the Court enter judgment in its favor against Apotex on the patent infringement claims set forth above and respectfully requests that this Court:

- a. enter judgment that, under 35 U.S.C. § 271(e)(2), Apotex has infringed at least one claim of the '129 patent by submitting or causing to be submitted ANDA No. 211607 to the FDA to obtain approval for the commercial manufacture, use, import, offer for sale, and/or sale in the United States of the Apotex ANDA Product before the expiration of the '129 patent;
- b. enter a declaration that Apotex will infringe directly, contribute to, or induce the infringement of one or more claims of the '129 patent under 35 U.S.C. § 271(a), (b), and/or (c) if it markets, manufactures, uses, offers for sale, sells, distributes in, or imports into the United States generic tasimelteon in accordance with Apotex's proposed label before the expiration of the '129 patent;
- c. order that that the effective date of any approval by the FDA of the Apotex ANDA Product be a date that is not earlier than the expiration of the '129 patent, or such later date as the Court may determine;
- d. enjoin Apotex and all persons acting in concert with Apotex from seeking, obtaining, or maintaining approval of the Apotex ANDA, or contributing to or inducing anyone to do the same, until expiration of the '129 patent;
- e. enjoin Apotex and all persons acting in concert with Apotex from the commercial manufacture, use, import, offer for sale, and/or sale of the Apotex ANDA Product, or contributing

to or inducing anyone to do the same, until expiration of the '129 patent, or such later date as the

Court may determine;

f. enjoin Apotex and all persons acting in concert with Apotex from infringing the

'129 patent, or contributing to or inducing anyone to do the same, including the manufacture, use,

offer to sell, sale, distribution, or importation of any current or future versions of the product

described in the Apotex ANDA while the litigation is pending;

g. award monetary damages under 35 U.S.C. §§ 271(e)(4)(C) and 284,

h. declare this to be an exceptional case under 35 U.S.C. § 285 and award Vanda costs,

expenses, and disbursements in this action, including reasonable attorney's fees;

i. assess pre-judgment and post-judgment interest and costs against Apotex, together

with an award of such interest and costs, in accordance with 35 U.S.C. § 284;

j. determine that Apotex's infringement has been willful, wanton, and deliberate and

that the damages against it be increased up to three times under 35 U.S.C. § 284 on this basis; and

k. award Vanda such further and additional relief as this Court deems just and proper.

Dated: December 27, 2022

Newark, New Jersey

/s/ Justin T. Quinn

Justin T. Quinn

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## CERTIFICATION OF NON-ARBITRABILITY PURSUANT TO LOCAL CIVIL RULE 201.1(d)

Pursuant to Local Civil Rule 201.1(d), the undersigned counsel hereby certifies that this action seeks declaratory and injunctive relief and, therefore, is not subject to mandatory arbitration.

I certify under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Dated: December 27, 2022

Newark, New Jersey

/s/ Justin T. Quinn

Justin T. Quinn

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Attorneys for Plaintiff Vanda Pharmaceuticals Inc.

### **VERIFICATION**

I, Mihael H. Polymeropoulos, MD, state as follows:

I am the Chief Executive Officer of plaintiff Vanda Pharmaceuticals Inc. I have read the foregoing verified complaint and know the contents thereof. The verified complaint is true to the best of my knowledge and understanding, except as to matters therein stated to be alleged upon information and belief and, as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

Dated: December 27, 2022	
	Mihael H. Polymeropoulos, MD

STATE OF Virginia \$

COUNTY OF Virginia Beach \$

Before me, the undersigned Notary Public, on this day, \_\_\_\_\_\_December 27\_\_\_\_, 2022\_, personally appeared Mihael H. Polymeropoulos, MD, and, after being duly sworn, he subscribed to the above statement.

NOTARY PUBLIC

Notarized online using audio-video communication